

# Trusted List Navigation: System Design

## SUMMARY

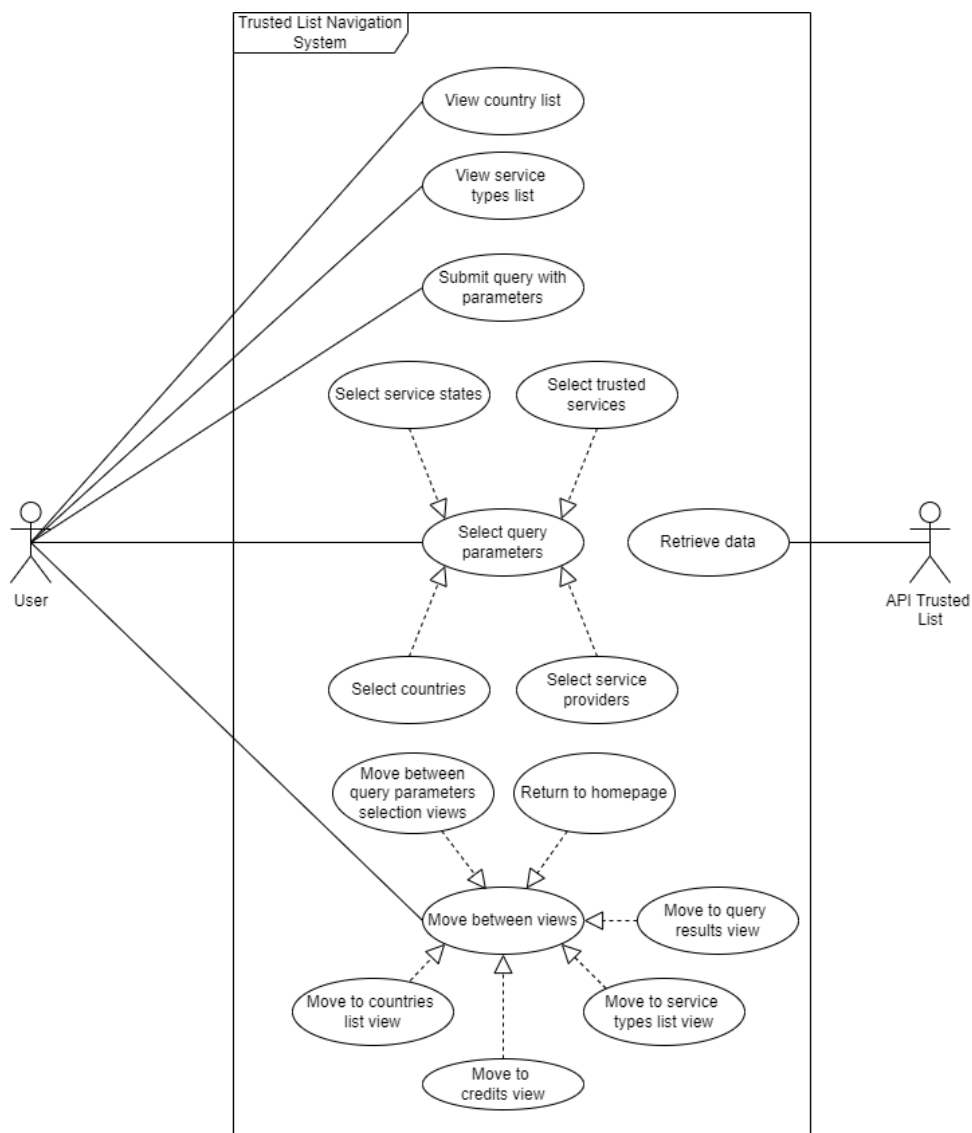
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# 1 USE CASES

Here below are described in details the results from the use case analysis. The use case definition for TLN System requires only 2 actors:

- The final user: a person who needs to search information from EU trusted list data through the TLN application.
- The API rest services: services from which the TLN system needs to retrieve all the trusted data. That data is shown to the user or is used to compute results of user's queries.

## 1.1 USE CASES DIAGRAM



## 1.2 USE CASES DESCRIPTION

ID #	1	Title	Retrieve data	Priority (0-10)	10
<b>Actors</b>	Trusted List API				
<b>Description</b>	System communicates with the Trusted List API to retrieve all the services data				
<b>Data</b>	JSON Arrays containing all the services informations				
<b>Preconditions</b>	User and the server that hosts the Trusted List API must be both correctly connected to the internet				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User launches the Trusted List Navigation application				
<b>Response</b>	System allows the user to use the application's functions or alerts him of eventual connection errors with a dedicated error message				
<b>Comments</b>					

ID #	2	Title	View countries list	Priority (0-10)	8
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can view the list of EU countries that provides trusted services				
<b>Data</b>	UE countries list retrieved previously through Trusted List API				
<b>Preconditions</b>	The applications must have been launched with no errors				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User clicks on the "View the list of the EU Countries" on the Home view				
<b>Response</b>	System shows countries list in the application interface				
<b>Comments</b>					

ID #	3	Title	View service types list	Priority (0-10)	8
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can view the list of all trusted service types that are provided				
<b>Data</b>	Trusted service types list retrieved previously through Trusted List API				
<b>Preconditions</b>	The applications must have been launched with no errors				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User clicks on the "View the list of the Trust-Service types" on the Home view				
<b>Response</b>	System shows trusted service types list in the application interface				
<b>Comments</b>					

ID #	4	Title	Select query parameters	Priority (0-10)	
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary), Trusted List API				
<b>Description</b>	User can select the preferred values for parameters. The specific parameters are: countries, service providers, service types, service statuses. All selectable values must be displayed as a list. Only the values that are compatible with the parameters already selected should be displayed.				
<b>Data</b>	Countries, providers and trusted services lists				
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must have accessed to the query parameters selection section				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User selects the search values for each parameter. A parameter must have at least one selected value.				
<b>Response</b>	While selecting, system makes recognizable all successfully selected values.				
<b>Comments</b>	Generalization of usecases 4, 5, 6, 7				

ID #	5	Title	Select countries	Priority (0-10)	7
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can select the preferred countries to search. All selectable countries must be displayed as a list.				
<b>Data</b>	List of european countries that provides trusted services				
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must have accessed to the countries selection page				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User selects one or more preferred countries from the list. User must confirm the selection when done.				
<b>Response</b>	While selecting, system makes recognizable all successfully selected countries. After user confirmation system must display whether the selection is valid. If it isn't system displays a warning message, or if it is valid, system retrieves data and shows the next selection page.				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°1 of usecase 4.				

ID #	6	Title	Select service providers	Priorità (0-10)	6
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can select the preferred service providers. Only selectable providers must be displayed. A provider is selectable only if it belongs to one of the previously selected countries.				
<b>Data</b>	List of the selectable Trusted Services providers				
<b>Preconditions</b>	Usecase 4 must be successfully completed				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User selects one or more service providers from the shown list. User must confirm the selection when done.				
<b>Response</b>	While selecting, system makes recognizable all successfully selected countries. After user confirmation system must display whether the selection is valid. If it isn't system displays a warning message, or if it is valid, system retrieves data and shows the next selection page.				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°2 of usecase 4.				

ID #	7	Title	Select service types	Priorità (0-10)	6
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can select the preferred service types. Only selectable types must be displayed. A type is selectable only if there is at least one service that belongs to that type, offered by the previously selected providers in the selected countries.				
<b>Data</b>	List of the selectable Trusted Services types				
<b>Preconditions</b>	Usecase 5 must be successfully completed				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User selects one or more service types from the shown list. User must confirm the selection when done.				
<b>Response</b>	While selecting, system makes recognizable all successfully selected types. After the user confirmation, system must display whether the selection is valid. If it isn't system displays a warning message, or if it is valid, system retrieves data and shows the next selection page.				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°3 of usecase 4.				

ID #	8	Title	Select service statuses	Priorità (0-10)	6
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can select the preferred service states. Only selectable states must be displayed. A state is selectable only if there is at least one service that has that state, offered by the previously selected providers in the selected types.				
<b>Data</b>	List of the selectable Trusted Service statuses				
<b>Preconditions</b>	Usecase 6 must be successfully completed				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User selects one or more service states from the shown list. User must confirm the selection when done.				
<b>Response</b>	While selecting, system makes recognizable all successfully selected states. After the user confirmation, system must display whether the selection is valid. If it isn't system displays a warning message, or if it is valid, system retrieves data and shows the query results page.				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°4 of usecase 4.				

ID #	9	Title	Query with parameters	Priorità (0-10)	5
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can query the system using the previously selected parameters.				
<b>Data</b>	List of the Trusted Services which attributes satisfy the parameters that have been previously selected				
<b>Preconditions</b>	Usecase 3 must be successfully completed (all its generalizations)				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "Start" button on the interface to request the query execution				
<b>Response</b>	If all is done correctly, system must show services that meets the parameters selection requirements.				
<b>Comments</b>					

ID #	10	Title	Move between views	Priorità (0-10)	
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User can move between all the available views of the system by clicking dedicated buttons				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must have started the program correctly				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with a button				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the one labeled on the button the user clicked on				
<b>Comments</b>	Generalization of use cases 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16				

ID #	11	Title	Move between query parameters selection views	Priorità (0-10)	7
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	When User is in the homepage, in a query parameters selection stage or in the query results stage, he can move to the next/previous stage of selection and change his previous choices or make his next ones				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must be in the homepage, in a query parameters selection stage or in the query results stage				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "Start a new query", "Next" or "Back" button				
<b>Response</b>	System changes the view to the parameters selection one chosed by the user. If that section of parameters selection has been previously visited, the relative data will be overwritten				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°1 of usecase 10				

ID #	12	Title	Move to countries list view	Priorità (0-10)	7
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	When User is in the homepage view he can move to the countries list one by clicking the "View the countries list" button				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	Use must be in the homepage view				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "View the contries list" button of the homepage				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the countries list one				
<b>Comments</b>	Speciaization n°4 of usecase 10				

ID #	13	Title	Move to service types list view	Priorità (0-10)	7
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	When User is in the homepage view he can move to the service types list one by clicking the "View the service types list" button				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	Use must be in the homepage view				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "View the service types list" button of the homepage				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the service types list one				
<b>Comments</b>	Speciaization n°5 of usecase 10				

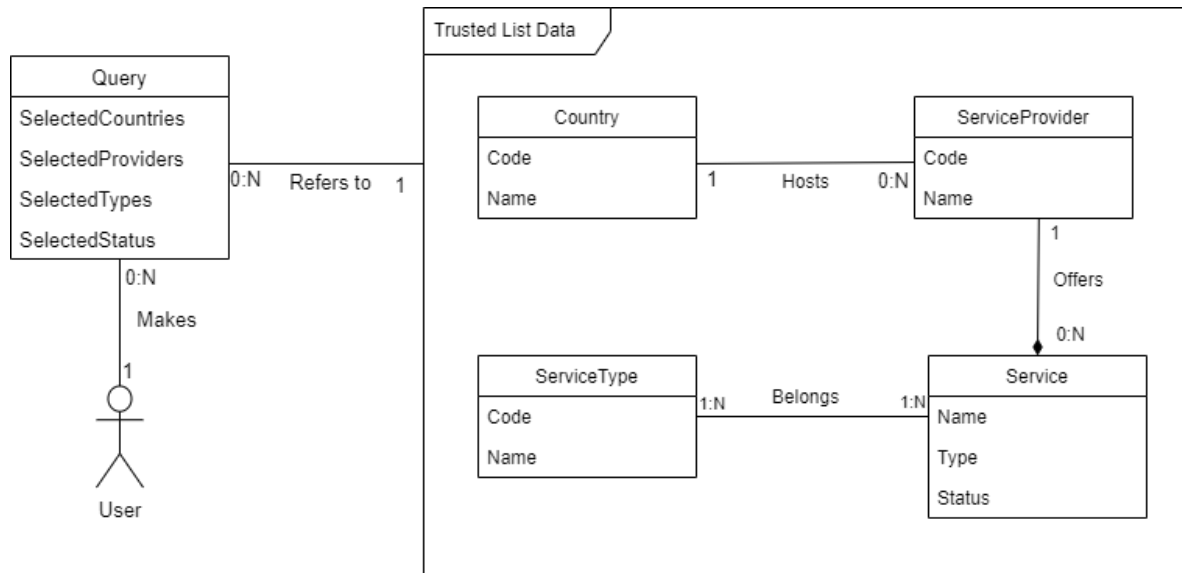
ID #	14	Title	Move to query results view	Priorità (0-10)	6
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	When the User is in the service statuses selection view he can move to the query results one by clicking the "Start" button at the bottom-right of the page				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must be in the service statuses selection view				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "Start" button at the bottom-right ot the page				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the query results one				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°6 of usecase 10				

ID #	15	Title	Return to homepage	Priorità (0-10)	5
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	When User is in one of these views: countries list, service types, query results, countries selection, credits; he can return to the homepage view				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must be in one of these views: countries list, service types, query results, countries selection, credits				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "Home" button at the bottom of the page				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the homepage one. If in the meantime a query has been created, it gets erased.				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°2 of usecase 10				

ID #	16	Title	Move to credits view	Priorità (0-10)	1
<b>Actors</b>	User (primary)				
<b>Description</b>	User che view the names of the project members after clicking the "credits" hyperlink at the bottom of the homepage				
<b>Data</b>					
<b>Preconditions</b>	User must be in the homepage view				
<b>Stimulus</b>	User interacts with the "credits" hyperlink at the bottom of the homepage				
<b>Response</b>	System changes view to the credits one				
<b>Comments</b>	Specialization n°3 of usecase 10				

## 2 DOMAIN MODEL

### 2.1 DOMAIN MODEL DIAGRAM



### 2.2 DOMAIN MODEL DESCRIPTION

The domain model for the Trusted List Navigation software is composed by some domain objects that represent the information from EU Trust Services API and a Query object.

Query domain object represents the search with all the parameters that the user can select to find his preferred services from all the trusted data.

The Trusted List Data domain object wraps and represents all the information that can be found at EU Trust Services website. In fact, this object is used to clarify that a Query refers to all the trusted data as a whole and uses a big part of it to compute its results.

Inside of it, there are the Country object that represents an EU country that can host trust Service Providers, and a Provider offers a series of services, so a service indirectly belongs to a country.

In this case a Provider is composed of Services considering that every Service can't exist without its Provider and it can't switch hosting provider.

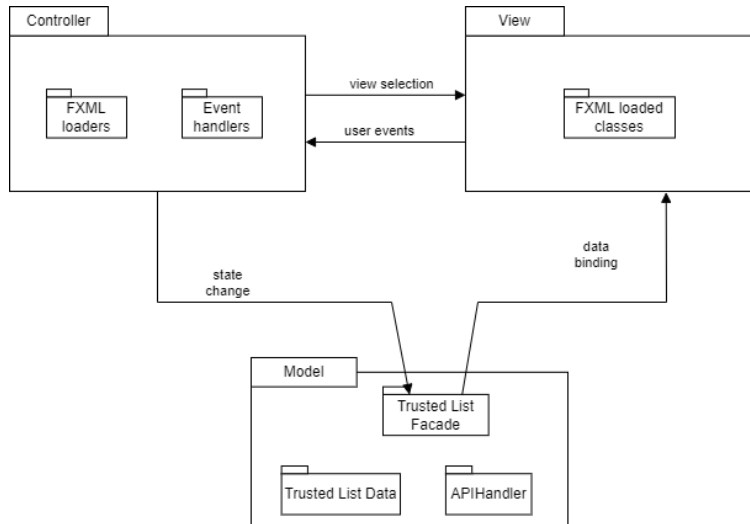
A Service can be associated to one or more Service Types that represents the main purpose of the provided Service. It's important to note that also multiple services can belong to the same Service Type.



## 3 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN

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### 3.1 ARCHITECTURAL VIEW



### 3.2 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN DESCRIPTION

Since a graphical user interface is one of this software requirements, our TLN System is based on a Model View Controller architectural pattern.

The **model** package contains the business logic, including API interaction and all the data retrieved from them. This data is needed to compute the results from user researches. A Trusted List **Façade** class is provided to let controllers interact easily to business logic methods and data.

The **controller** package contains all the controllers used for handling user inputs and interactions. Controller also updates all the displayed and stored data based on user selections. Controller package only interacts with the business logic classes only through the Façade interface provided by the model.

The **view** package is not coded in java language but is automatically loaded by controllers and main class. All the views are defined in .fxml files that are processed by JavaFX's fxml loader. This loader generates all the view java classes from the .fxml files and binds them to the relative controllers. In fact the view package cannot be found as source code, but at runtime all the JavaFX classes are generated by loaders. It is important to observe that controllers bind graphical classes only through the Façade object to use all business logic data.

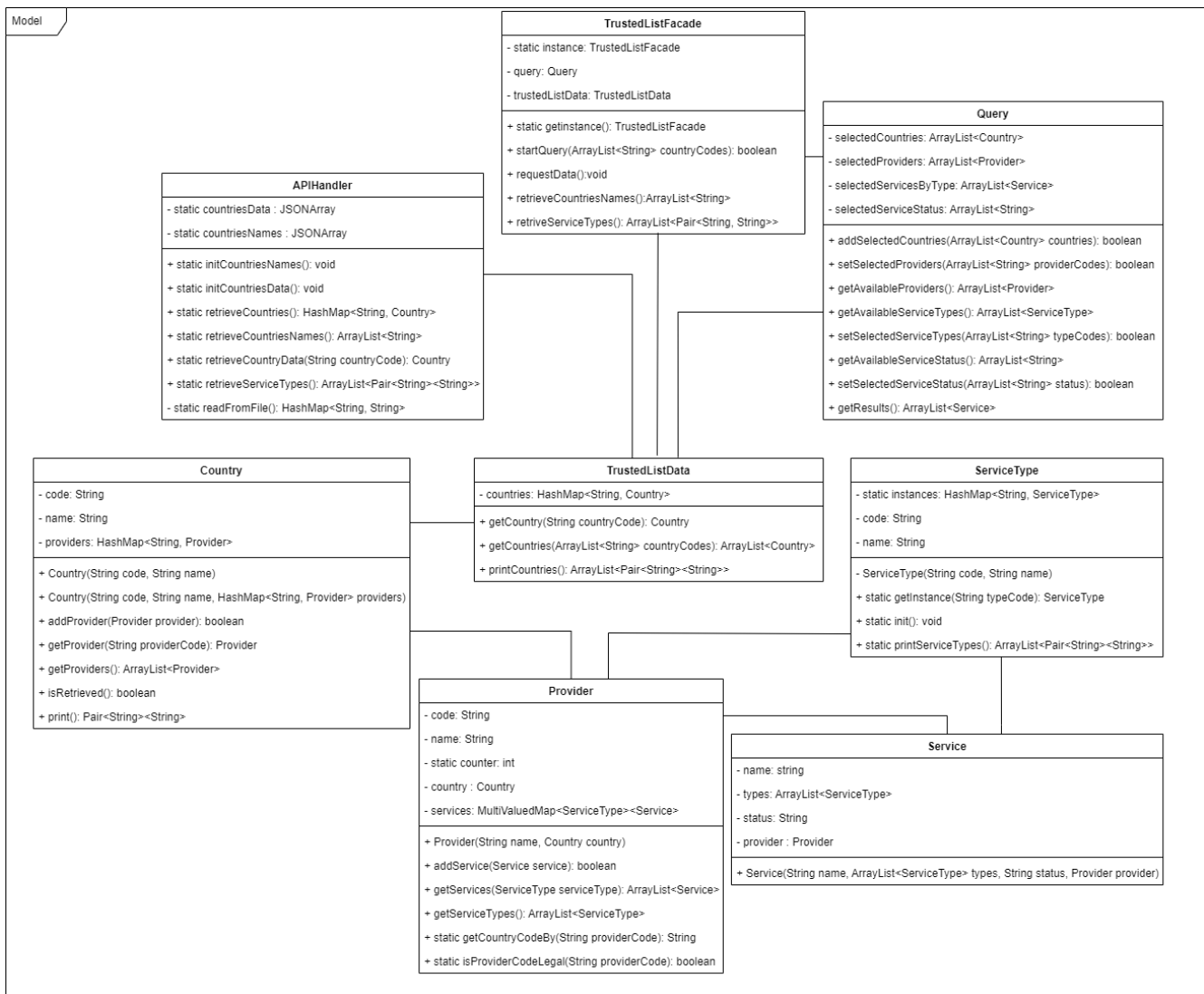
## 4 DESIGN MODEL

The design model for the Trusted List Navigation system can be decomposed in three separate parts: model package, control package and Main with Launcher classes.

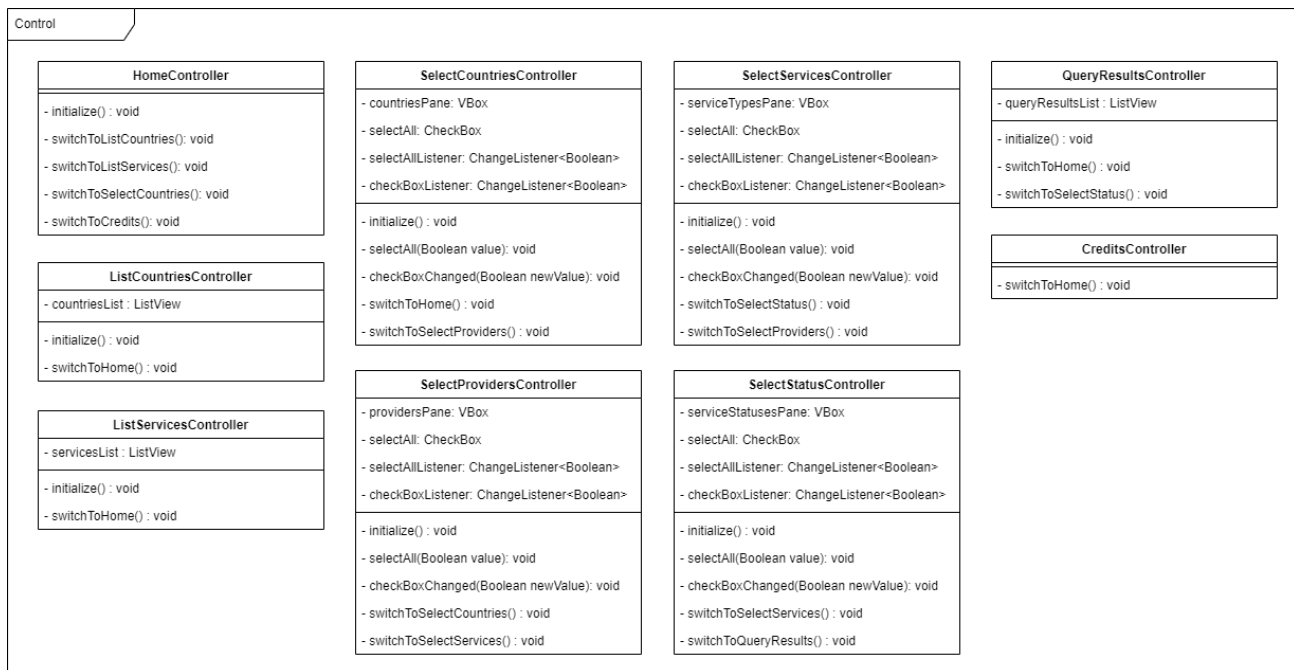
The following diagrams represents separately the model and the control package to not burden the representation. Nevertheless it is important to keep in mind that there are **relationships** between every **controller class** and the **Trusted List Façade** interface class, as shown in the architectural view. These relationships represent the interactions from those controllers towards the model classes made through Façade class.

Finally, **App and Launcher classes** are omitted in this diagram because they are very simple, and their only purpose is to launch the graphical interface. Launcher class is necessary only for having a unique .jar to execute a JavaFX application.

### 4.1 MODEL PACKAGE



## 4.2 CONTROL PACKAGE



## 5 INTERNAL SEQUENCE DIAGRAM

This section is dedicated to the interaction diagrams. For this project they can be divided in two major branches: “data request and retrieving” and “query parameters selection”.

It is important to note that the lifecycle of the objects in these diagrams isn’t represented since they get created at the launch of the software and get destroyed when the program is terminated (unless it’s specifies otherwise).

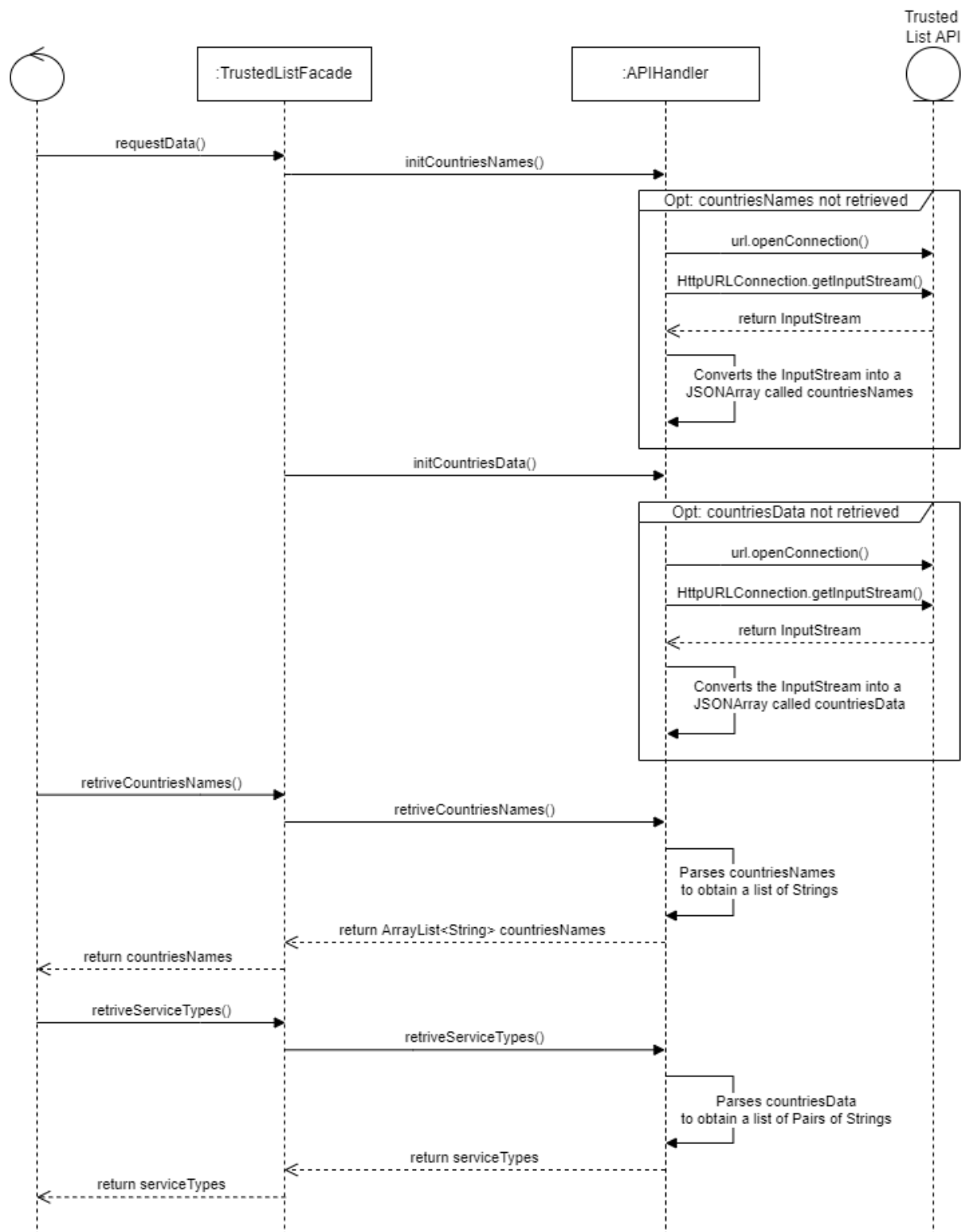
### 5.1 DATA REQUEST AND RETRIEVING

In this diagram it is represented the sequence of interaction between the controllers, the Façade and the APIHandler class. To have a clean representation, the first lifeline represents all the controller objects (since they are one for each selection page). We know that for every selection page, only its specific controller has the duty to interact with the façade object and the query.

In particular in this diagram it is specified the process of retrieval of some Trusted List data requested by the controllers exclusively through the Façade public methods.

The first part describes the retrieval of raw data from the TrustedListAPI and the initialization of APIHandler attributes. As it’s specified, this operation is done only once for software execution.

The second and third part instead, describes the retrieval of the countries’ names and service types’ codes and names from the APIHandler attributes. In opposite of the previous case, these operations can be done more than one time per software execution.



## 5.2 QUERY PARAMETERS SELECTION

In this diagram it is represented the sequence of interactions for managing a generic query requested by the user. To have a clean representation, the first lifeline represents all the controller objects (since they are one for each selection page). We know that for every selection page, only its specific controller has the duty to interact with the façade object and the query.

All the arrows that start from a black circle on the left represent an user interaction made through the GUI that generates a specific event. These events are handled by controllers by calling methods of Façade or Query classes and by changing views or the displayed information.

When a selection page is shown, its page controller populates the view calling Façade methods to access the trusted data or the query data that it needs.

When the user presses a “next” button, the controller checks the selection and if it is legal it changes the view and updates the query data through its methods.

One important note for this specific diagram is that sometimes there are two arrows connected to each other in the same line. This notation has been used to explicit the fact that even if the controllers use non-Façade methods, the real usage of those method is done through the Façade getter methods.

*(the diagram can be found in the next page)*

